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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/005,294	12/05/2001	Jon A. Wolff	MIRUS.003.06.1 8816	
75	90 12/31/2003		EXAM	INER
Mark K. Johnson			DAVIS, BRIAN J	
PO Box 510644 New Berlin, W			ART UNIT PAPER NUMB	
			1621	

DATE MAILED: 12/31/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<u> </u>	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/005,294	WOLFF ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Brian J. Davis	1621				
The MAILING Period for Reply	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status	anymunication(a) filed an 25 A	uguet 2002					
,	communication(s) filed on <u>25 A</u>						
2a) ☐ This action is F	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
, , ,	are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
,	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6) Claim(s) 6-8 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s)	= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	r election requirement	•				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
<ul> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> <li>13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet.</li> <li>37 CFR 1.78.</li> </ul>							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cit     Notice of Draftsperson's	ed (PTO-892) Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) tatement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. "Group comprising" (structure comprising) is an improper Markush group. *Ex parte Dotter*, 12 USPQ 382 (POBA 1931).

Additionally, it is unclear in the diagrams of claims 6 and 7 if the moiety "N-" indeed is intended to indicate "N-CH<sub>3</sub>" and in claim 8 if the moiety "-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-" indeed is intended to indicate "-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>."

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by DE 1963399 A (CAPLUS abstract). The reference teaches applicant's compound: RN=32797-22-1.

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Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by JP 63037185 A2 (CAPLUS abstract). The reference teaches applicant's compounds: RN=116274-40-9; 116274-44-3.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by EP 449450 A1 (CAPLUS abstract). The reference teaches applicant's compound: RN=138807-23-5.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by JP 06134322 A2(CAPLUS abstract). The reference teaches applicant's compound: RN=159613-51-1.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 449450 A1 (CAPLUS abstract.

Applicant claims a set of compounds described by the formula of claim 8.

EP 449450 teaches an adjacent homolog of applicant's compound: RN=141052-46-2. That is, the compound of the prior art has an alkyl chain one carbon longer than the corresponding chain of the instant compound.

Adjacent homologs are considered to be obvious absent unexpected results. *In re Henze*, 85 USPQ 261, 263 (CCPA 1950). Members of a homologous series must possess unexpected properties not possessed by the homologous compounds disclosed in the prior art. *In re Hass*, 141 F.2d 127, 60 USPQ 548 (CCPA 1980).

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian J. Davis whose telephone number is 703-305-7129. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann Richter can be reached on 703-308-4532. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0197.

PRIMARY EXAMINER

Brian J. Davis December 24, 2003